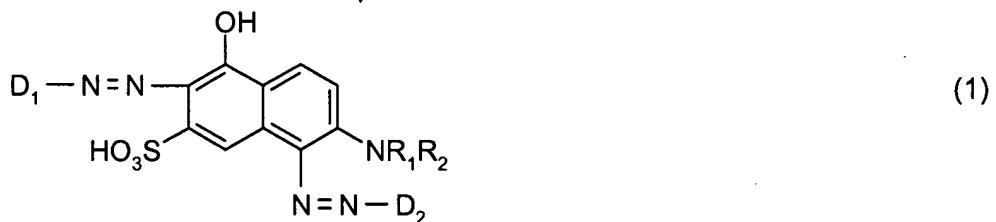
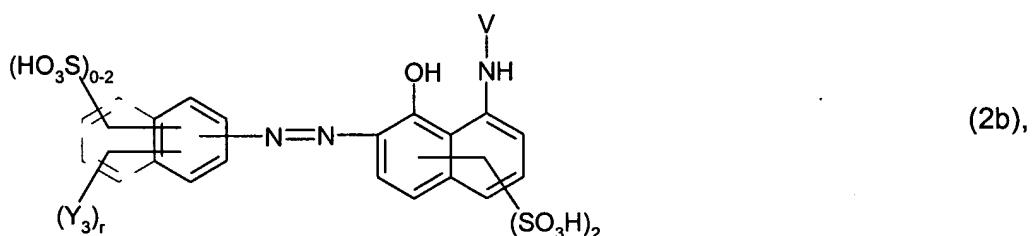
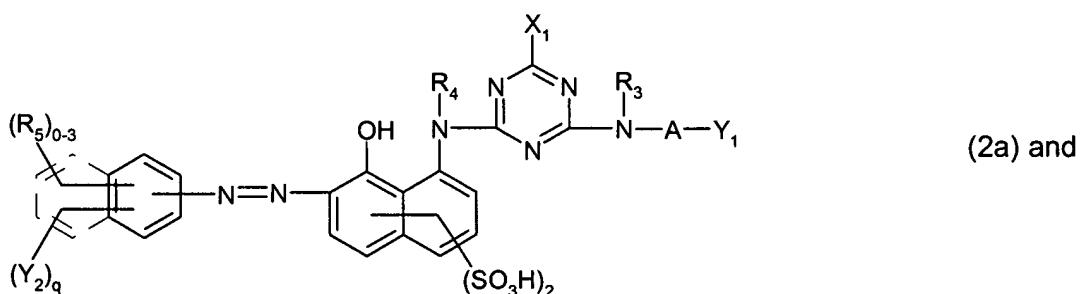


1. (original): A dye mixture comprising  
at least one dye of formula



together with at least one dye from the group of formulae



wherein

$R_1$  and  $R_2$  are each independently of the other hydrogen or unsubstituted or substituted  $C_1$ - $C_8$ alkyl,  
 $R_3$  and  $R_4$  are each independently of the other hydrogen or unsubstituted or substituted  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  
 $(R_5)_{0-3}$  denotes from 0 to 3 identical or differing substituents from the group halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  
 $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy, carboxy, nitro and sulfo,

$A$  is unsubstituted or substituted phenylene, unsubstituted or substituted naphthylene, or  
 $C_2$ - $C_8$ alkylene which may be interrupted by oxygen,

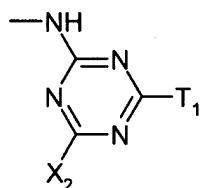
$D_1$  and  $D_2$  are each independently of the other the radical of a diazo component of the benzene or  
naphthalene series,

$q$  and  $r$  are each independently of the other the number 0 or 1,

$X_1$  is halogen or a non-fibre-reactive substituent, and

$Y_1$  and  $Y_2$  are each independently of the other a radical of formula

$-\text{SO}_2\text{-Z}$  (3a),  
 $-\text{NH-CO-(CH}_2\text{)}_m\text{-SO}_2\text{Z}$  (3b),  
 $-\text{CONH-(CH}_2\text{)}_n\text{-SO}_2\text{Z}$  (3c),  
 $-\text{NH-CO-CH(Hal)-CH}_2\text{-Hal}$  (3d),  
 $-\text{NH-CO-C(Hal)=CH}_2$  (3e) or



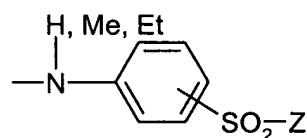
(3f),

wherein

$X_2$  is halogen,  $T_1$  independently has the definition of  $X_2$ , is a non-fibre-reactive substituent or is a fiber-reactive radical of formula

$-\text{NH-(CH}_2\text{)}_{2-3}\text{-SO}_2\text{Z}$  (4a),

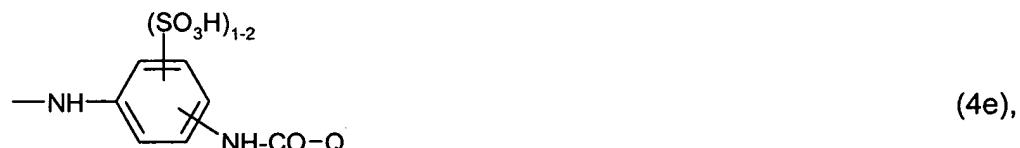
$-\text{NH-(CH}_2\text{)}_{2-3}\text{-O-(CH}_2\text{)}_{2-3}\text{-SO}_2\text{Z}$  (4b),



(4c),



(4d) or



(4e),

wherein

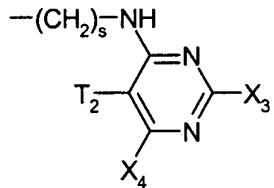
$Z$  is vinyl or a radical  $-\text{CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-U}$  and  $U$  is a group that is removable under alkaline conditions;

$Q$  is a group  $-\text{CH(Hal)-CH}_2\text{-Hal}$  or  $-\text{C(Hal)=CH}_2$ ,

$m$  and  $n$  are each independently of the other the number 2, 3 or 4,

Hal is halogen,

$Y_3$  is a radical of the above-mentioned formula (3a), or is a radical of formula



(3g),

wherein

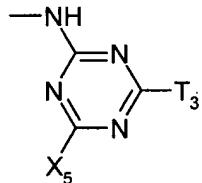
$s$  is the number 0 or 1, and

$X_3$  is halogen or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ akylsulfonyl,

$X_4$  is halogen or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl and

$T_2$  is hydrogen, cyano or halogen, and

$V$  is  $C_2$ - $C_4$ alkanoyl, benzoyl which is unsubstituted or is substituted by a radical of formula (3g), or is a radical of formula



(3h),

wherein

$X_5$  is halogen, and

$T_3$  is a non-fibre-reactive substituent.

2. (original): A dye mixture according to claim 1, wherein

$R_1$  and  $R_2$  are hydrogen.

3. (currently amended): A dye mixture according to ~~either claim 1 or claim 2~~, wherein

$R_3$  is hydrogen, methyl or ethyl and  $R_4$  is hydrogen.

4. (currently amended): A dye mixture according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 3~~ claim 1, wherein  
 $X_1$  is chlorine.

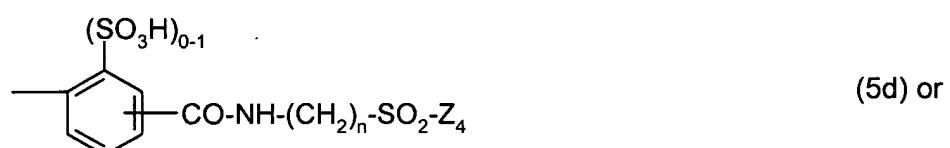
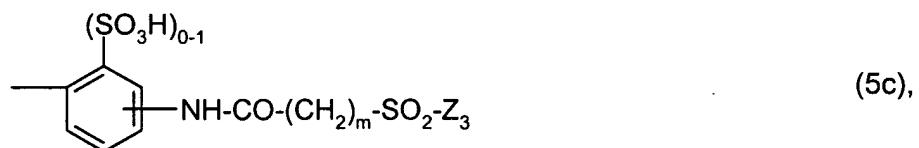
5. (currently amended): A dye mixture according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 4~~ claim 1, wherein  
 $D_1$  and  $D_2$  are each independently of the other a radical of formula

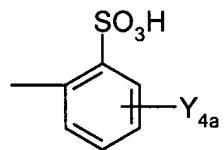


wherein

$(R_6)_{0-3}$  denotes from 0 to 3 identical or differing substituents from the group halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy, carboxy, nitro and sulfo, and  
 $Y_4$  is a radical of formula (3a), (3b), (3c), (3d), (3e) or (3f) according to claim 1.

6. (currently amended): A dye mixture according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 5~~ claim 1, wherein D<sub>1</sub> and D<sub>2</sub> are each independently of the other a radical of formula





(5e),

wherein

$(R_{6a})_{0-2}$  denotes from 0 to 2 identical or differing substituents from the group halogen,  $C_1-C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1-C_4$ alkoxy and sulfo,

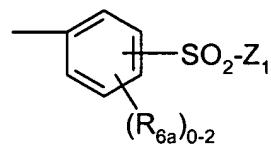
$Y_{4a}$  is  $\alpha,\beta$ -dibromopropionylamino or  $\alpha$ -bromoacryloylamino,

$m$  is the number 2 or 3,

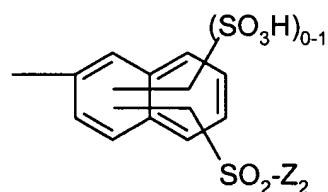
$n$  is the number 2 or 3, and

$Z_1$ ,  $Z_2$ ,  $Z_3$  and  $Z_4$  are each independently of the others vinyl,  $\beta$ -chloroethyl or  $\beta$ -sulfatoethyl.

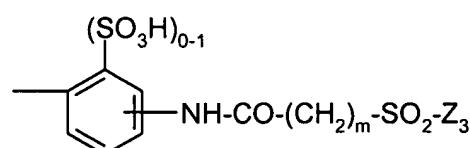
7. (currently amended): A dye mixture according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 6~~ claim 1, wherein  
 $-A-Y_1$  is a radical of formula



(5a),



(5b) or



(5c),

wherein

$(R_{6a})_{0-2}$  denotes from 0 to 2 identical or differing substituents from the group halogen,  $C_1-C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1-C_4$ alkoxy and sulfo,

$m$  is the number 2 or 3, and

$Z_1$ ,  $Z_2$  and  $Z_3$  are each independently of the others vinyl,  $\beta$ -chloroethyl or  $\beta$ -sulfatoethyl.

8. (currently amended): A dye mixture according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 7~~ claim 1, wherein R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> are hydrogen, D<sub>1</sub> is a radical of formula



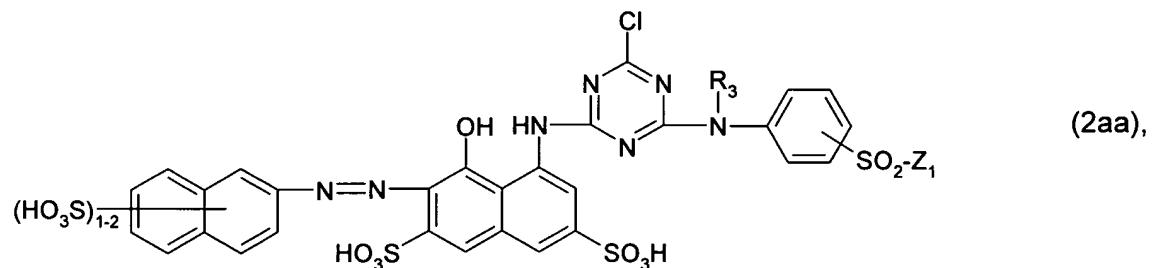
D<sub>2</sub> is a radical of formula



wherein

R<sub>6a</sub> and R<sub>6b</sub> are each independently of the other methyl or methoxy, and Z<sub>1a</sub> and Z<sub>1b</sub> are each independently of the other vinyl, β-chloroethyl or β-sulfatoethyl.

9. (currently amended): A dye mixture according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 8~~ claim 1, wherein the dye of formula (2a) is a dye of formula



wherein

R<sub>3</sub> is hydrogen, methyl or ethyl, and Z<sub>1</sub> is vinyl, β-chloroethyl or β-sulfatoethyl.

10. (currently amended): Use of a dye mixture according to any one of claims 1 to 9 in the A method of dyeing or printing of hydroxyl-group-containing or nitrogen-containing fibre materials, which comprises contacting said materials with a tinctorially effective amount of a dye mixture according to claim 1.

11. (currently amended): A method Use according to claim 10, wherein cellulosic fibre materials, especially cotton-containing fibre materials, are dyed or printed.

12. (original): An aqueous ink comprising a dye mixture according to claim 1.

13. (currently amended): Use of an aqueous ink according to claim 12 in an inkjet printing method for the A method of printing of hydroxyl-group-containing or nitrogen-containing fibre materials by the inkjet printing method, which comprises contacting said materials with a tinctorially effective amount of an aqueous ink according to claim 12.

14. (new): A method according to claim 10, wherein cotton-containing fibre materials are dyed or printed.

15. (new): A method according to claim 13, wherein hydroxyl-group-containing fibre materials are dyed or printed.